



Name of Mine	Northparkes Mines
Name of Leaseholder and Mine Operator	CMOC Mining Pty Ltd
Mining Leases	ML1247, ML1367, ML1641 and ML1743
Environment Protection Licence	EPL 4784
Development Consent	DC11_0060, (as modified)

Reviewed by	Chris Higgins
Title	Superintendent – Environment and Farms
Date	12 July 21
Signature	
Approved by	Stacey Kelly
Title	Manager – People, Safety and Environment
Date	12 July 2021
Signature	Story MAhil



## SCOPE OF REPORT

This report provides a summary of monitoring results for the period from 1 January to 31 March 2021. This monitoring is undertaken in accordance with the Environmental Monitoring Program (available at www.northparkes.com.au). Details of air quality, noise and water monitoring locations are available in the Environmental Monitoring Program.

## 2. AIR QUALITY

The air quality monitoring program utilises PM<sub>10</sub> (beta attenuated monitors), TSP's (high volume air samplers (HVAS)) and depositional dust gauges. Monitoring locations are strategically positioned around the mine lease and neighbouring properties. TSP and PM<sub>10</sub> monitoring have been undertaken at three nearby farm residences Hubberstone, Milpose and Hillview. A summary of the monitoring results are provided below.

### 2.1 PM10

 $PM_{10}$  monitoring results for the 'Hubberstone', 'Milpose' and 'Hillview' monitoring locations, for the reporting period, are displayed in Figure 1, Figure 2 and Figure 3 respectively. The criteria for exceedances (as nominated in the Development Consent DC11\_0060, known as the Consent), are >30  $\mu$ g/m³ for the annual average and >50  $\mu$ g/m³ for a 24-hour monitoring period. Refer to Appendix A for map of all  $PM_{10}$  monitoring locations.

During the reporting period there were two elevated 24hr readings recorded at Hubberstone, two at Hillview and one at Milpose monitoring locations. The elevated results triggered the internal investigation process and their likely causes are detailed below:

## **Hubberstone:**

- 26 Jan 2021 (102.6 μg/m3) following analysis of results, the elevated reading was caused by an instrument error, recording of 25,270 μg/m³ during a 10-minute averaged period. The 10-minute averaged periods prior to and post the extreme reading recorded 22 μg/m³ and 18 μg/m³ respectively. Excluding this extreme reading from the result, the PM<sub>10</sub> 24 hour average would be 19.0 μg/m³. This result was deemed non-mine related and removed as an outlier.
- <u>2 Feb 2021 (118.5 μg/m3)</u> following analysis of results, the elevated reading was caused by an instrument error, recording of 25,250 μg/ m³ during a 10-minute averaged period. The 10-minute averaged periods prior to and post the extreme reading recorded 0 μg/ m³ and 4 μg/ m³ respectively. Excluding this extreme reading from the result, the PM<sub>10</sub> 24 hour average would be 9.5 μg/ m³. This result was deemed non-mine related and removed as an outlier.

## **Hillview:**

- 6 Jan 2021 (102.6 μg/m³) following analysis of results, the elevated reading was caused by an instrument error, recording of 14,240 μg/m³ during a 10-minute averaged period. Five 10-minute averaged periods recorded 0 μg/m³ prior to and post the extreme result. Excluding this extreme reading from the result, the PM₁0 24 hour average would be 3.7 μg/m³. This result was deemed non-mine related and removed as an outlier.
- 11 Feb 2021 (118.5 µg/m³) Analysis of PM10 data shows that periods recording high levels of particulate matter occur when the prevailing winds come from a Northerly and Northeasterly direction. As this is the opposing direction to the mine, it is highly unlikely that the elevated reading was caused by mining operations and has since been omitted from results.



#### Milpose:

• 10 Feb 2021 (59.0 µg/m³) – prevailing winds (NE) were experienced from the project area prior to PM<sub>10</sub> readings becoming elevated. During the period of elevated results, wind speeds are weaker and from an ESE direction. If the project was generating airborne particulates, it would of more than likely been recorded during the stronger winds that were prevailing from the NE direction. It has also been noted that the resident has livestock in the surrounding paddock with their primary source of water to the ESE of the monitoring location. It has therefore been concluded that the elevated reading were not likely mine generated and therefore not reportable. The elevated reading has been omitted from the results.

### **Annual Averages:**

Annual averages recorded at all monitoring locations are below the Consent criteria of 30 µg/m³, recording:

- 11.2 μg/m³ at Hubberstone
- 12.0 µg/m³ at Milpose, and
- 8.5 µg/m³ at Hillview.

## Missing Data:

During the month of January, instrument error at Hubberstone and Hillview monitoring locations resulted in periods of data not being recorded or deemed invalid. Northparkes have rectified this issue to ensure these locations are now recording reliable and accurate data.

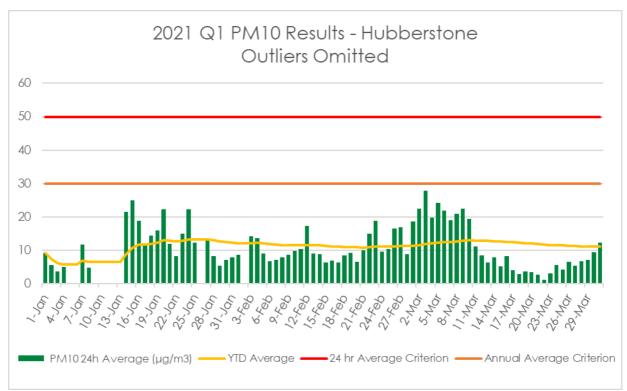


Figure 1: Hubberstone



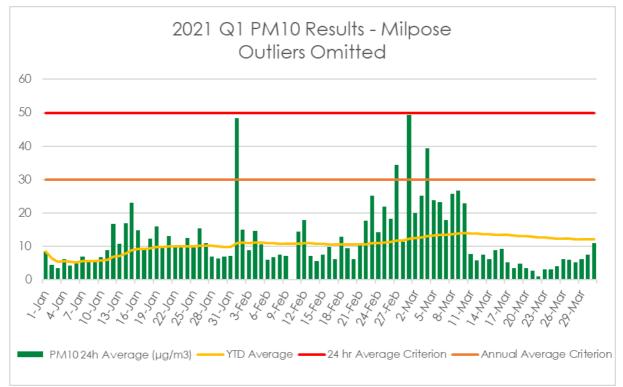


Figure 2: Milpose

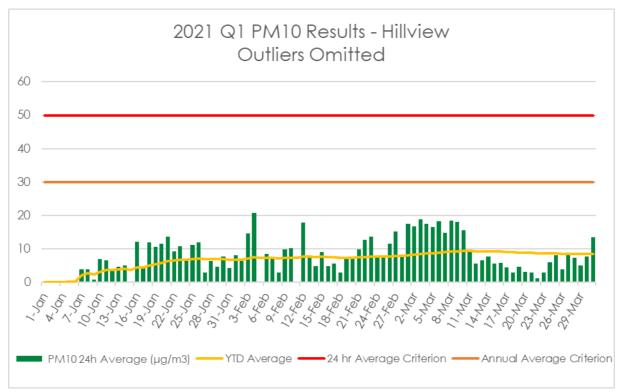


Figure 3: Hillview

## 2.2 TSP

Both Hubberstone and Hillview recorded dust levels at the TSP monitoring locations under the required average annual criteria set by the Consent (90  $\mu$ g/m³) for the quarter for the reporting period.



Milpose recorded one elevated result of 163  $\mu$ g/m³ on 27 February. Low wind speeds ( $\leq$ 5 m/s) were experienced during 95% of the period, with the moderate to strong winds (>5 m/s) experienced from 1900 to 2000 hours. The stronger winds prevailed from the North, averaging 9 degrees during the hour period, suggesting the mine was an unlikely contributor to the elevated result. The result was removed as an outlier.

## **Annual Averages:**

Annual averages recorded at all monitoring locations are significantly below the Consent criteria of 90  $\mu$ g/m³, recording:

- 22.1 µg/m³ at Hubberstone
- 26.3 µg/m³ at Milpose, and
- 20.4 µg/m³ at Hillview.

Refer to Appendix A for map of all TSP monitoring locations.

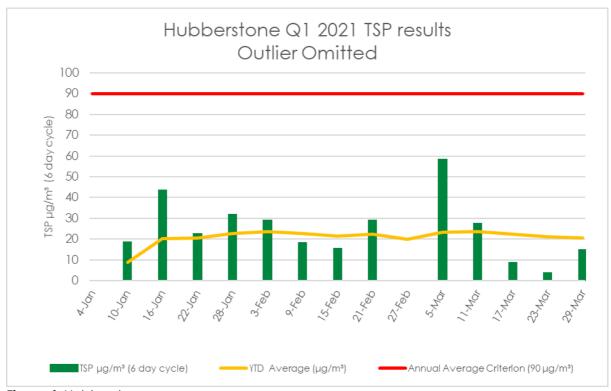


Figure 4: Hubberstone



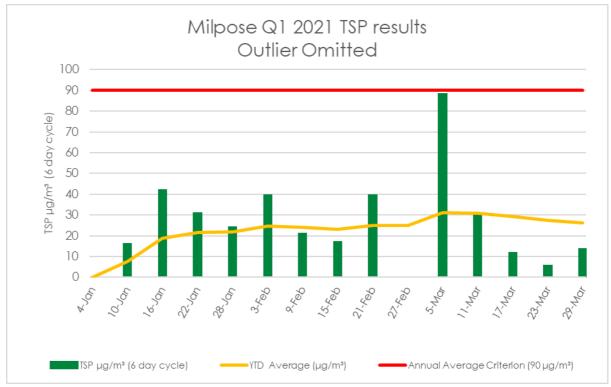


Figure 5: Milpose

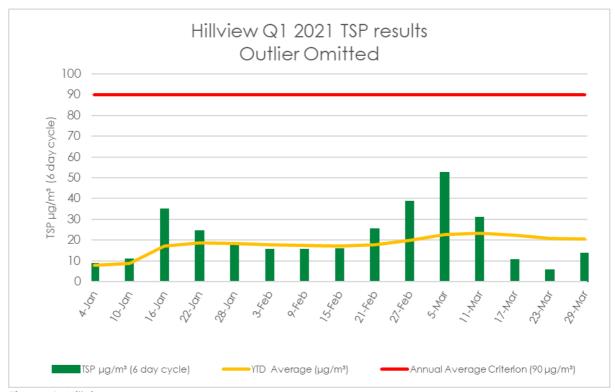


Figure 6: Hillview

## 2.3 Depositional Dust

Depositional dust gauges record the total of deposited dust for a month-long period and are a measure of broad scale changes to the local air quality.



Eleven depositional dust gauges are located across the mining lease and neighbouring residential properties to monitor atmospheric dust. A summary of the monthly monitoring results at each monitoring location are presented the figures below. Please be advised that only monitoring locations ND19, ND20, ND21 & ND22 are regulated by the criteria stated in the Consent, as they are the only depositional dust gauges that are at a residence on privately-owned land. All other depositional dust gauges are used to inform operational activities. Refer to Appendix B for map of all depositional dust monitoring locations.

The indicative annual average for all locations are below the long-term impact assessment criteria ( $4 \text{ g/m}^2/\text{month}$ ), complying with the conditions of the Consent.

During the quarter, TDNE, TDE and ND22 recorded results above the internal trigger level of 4.0 g/m²/month, with ND20 and ND22 and triggering the maximum increase of 2 g/m²/month at a residence on privately owned land. An internal investigation was undertaken for all results and are detailed below.

### ND20:

March: 3.5 g/m²/month – an increase of 2.5 g/m²/month was recorded from the previous February monitoring period. Analysis of weather data from Northparkes onsite meteorological station showed that 27% of potential dust generating wind (>7 m/s) was from the project area. As the project contains a large amount of agricultural buffer area, further investigation found that only 5% of potential dust generating winds came from areas that had been disturbed by mining activities. 60% of strong prevailing winds occurred between a North and Easternly direction. During the monitoring period, several activities occurring within close proximity to the monitoring location and are most likely the source of increased particulates. These include a number of agricultural activities, animal husbandry and prescribed burning.

## ND22:

• March: 6.7 g/m²/month – an increase of 3.8 g/m²/month was recorded from the previous February monitoring period. Investigation of the laboratory analysis showed that 4.9 g/m²/month was attributed to combustible matter, suggesting that tree litter was the main contributing factor to the increased result. ND22 gauge location is within close proximity to visual mtigation tree screen and has previously reported high levels of combustible matter. Northparkes will look to relocate the gauge to a more appropriate location to ensure representative particulate data is captured.

## TDE:

March: 4.6 g/m²/month – the elevated TDE result was noted to have potentially occurred
from several activities occurring within close proximity to the monitoring location. These
include a number of agricultural activities, animal husbandry, prescribed burning and
mining. The result will be observed during the next monitoring periods for upward trending
and possible causes.

#### TDNE:

- January: 36.3 g/m²/month Analysis of this result showed that 19.1 g/m²/month was attributed to combustible matter and 17.2 g/m²/month was attributed to ash content. Observations during the sampling activities noted that the bottle had a considerable amount of bird droppings in the funnel and large amounts of debris in the sample bottle. Northparkes will continue to monitor for trending results.
- <u>February: 39.2 g/m²/month</u> Analysis of this result showed that 25.7 g/m²/month was attributed to combustible matter and 13.5 g/m²/month was attributed to ash content. Observations during the sampling activities noted that the bottle had a considerable amount of bird droppings in the funnel and large amounts of debris in the sample bottle. Northparkes will continue to monitor for trending results.



March: 40.9 g/m²/month – Analysis of this result showed that 25.7 g/m²/month was attributed to combustible matter and 13.5 g/m²/month was attributed to ash content. Observations during the sampling activities noted that the bottle had a considerable amount of bird droppings in the funnel and large amounts of debris in the sample bottle. Northparkes have actioned an investigative program to be undertaken during future monitoring periods to understand the cause of the increase particulate matter.

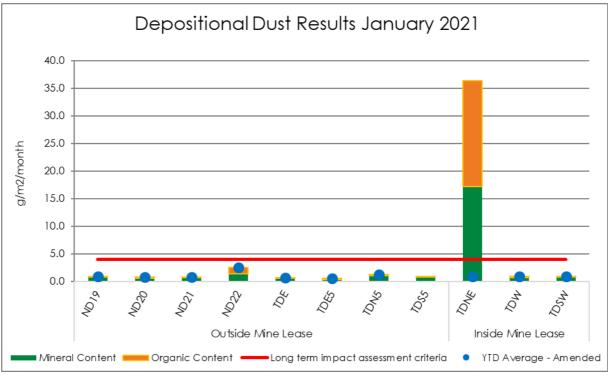


Figure 7: January depositional dust results for all locations

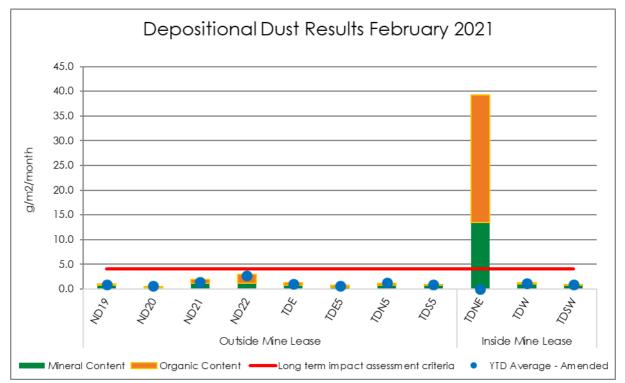


Figure 8: February depositional dust results for all locations



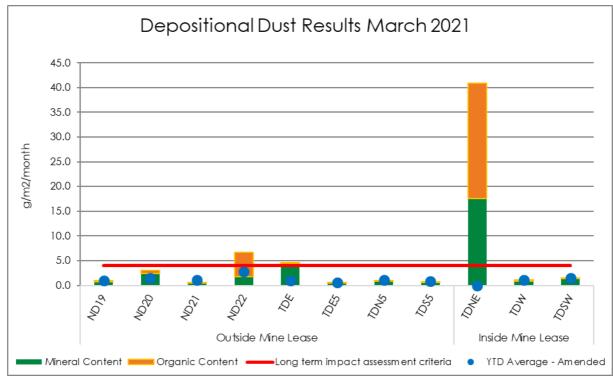


Figure 9: March depositional dust results for all locations



## 3. WATER

### 3.1 Overview

Water management at Northparkes is undertaken in accordance with approved management plans, prepared in accordance with the Consent. All water samples are analysed at an independent National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA) accredited laboratory.

Surface water quality monitoring is undertaken at Northparkes specifically within the three defined water management systems of;

- Clean water management system, which includes farm dams and watercourses;
- Dirty water management system, which includes settlement ponds; and
- Contaminated water management system, which includes all aspects of ore processing, and retention ponds.

The groundwater monitoring program at Northparkes aims to identify any changes to the natural groundwater system as a result of mining operations and ensure compliance with the Consent. It focuses on potential impacts to environmental assets and groundwater users in the area surrounding Northparkes.

Monitoring results are assessed and interpreted utilising historical trend analysis and internal water quality criteria and trigger levels to identify potential changes. Refer to Appendix C & D for map of all surface and groundwater dust monitoring locations.



## 3.2 Quarterly Monitoring Analysis

Water quality monitoring was carried out generally in accordance with the Consent, with no significant changes to the pH, EC or copper concentrations for all locations. A summary of the monitoring results at each location sampled are presented in Tables 1-6 below.

**Table 1:** Process Water System

Location	RP01	RP02	RP03	RP04	RP05	RP06	RP07	RP08	RP09	RP12	RP15	RP19	RP20
pH	7.91	7.52	7.96	7.75	7.81	8.59	8.97	7.81	7.6	8.79	7.69	7.94	8.01
EC (u\$/cm)	443.75	2714.3	2908.1	767.49	802.46	810.43	1146.8	3004.9	4163.3	436.32	25010	4334.5	7720
Cu (mg/L)	0.049	0.021	0.052	0.149	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.042	0.02	0.014	0.029	0.007	0.019

Table 1 continued: Process Water System

Location	RP21	RP23	RP25	RP26	RP32	RP33	GT02	PWD	Caloola
pH	7.3	8.25	8.18	8.95	8.44	8.37	8.96	8.18	7.97
EC (u\$/cm)	2505.7	834.15	462.18	430.67	1691.3	233.94	1230.1	1626.1	5015.6
Cu (mg/L)	0.03	0.038	0.022	0.036	0.018	0.008	0.024	0.038	0.013

Table 2: Farm Dams

Location	FD04	FD05	FD06	FD07	FD11	FD16	FD18	FD25	FD26	FD27
pH	8.72	9.21	9.01	8.17	9.22	9.19	8.09	8.17	8.83	9.73
EC (uS/cm)	194.25	111.43	174.13	147.04	408.08	151.83	3467.4	207.69	480.88	361.66
Copper (mg/L)	0.014	0.011	0.007	0.008	0.025	0.024	0.009	0.014	0.019	0.014

Table 3: TSF Bores

Location	MB01	MB02	MB03	MB05	MB6B	W26	W27	W28	W29	W30	W31	W32
pH	7.11	6.95	6.22	6.58	6.49	7.19	11.35	7.55	12.55	7.59	8.1	11.7
EC (u\$/cm)	4,247.9	7,039.1	16,092.0	17,954.0	12,394.0	9,605.4	12,881.0	11,630.0	14,899.0	1,834.8	497.6	1,537.9
Copper (mg/L)	0.005	0.005	0.018	0.003	0.012	0.014	0.007	0.01	0.047	0.008	0.018	0.004



Table 4: Opencut Bores

Location	MB10	MB13	MB14	MB16	W14	W19	W20	W21	W22	W23	W24	W25
рH	6.8	6.68	7.3	6.62	7.06	6.92	6.7	8.87	6.89	6.62	6.94	6.89
EC (uS/cm)	10,102.0	17,193.0	1,904.5	12,448.0	5,029.0	4,268.3	9,497.2	18,544.0	10,825.0	12,277.0	1,573.6	1,708.1
Copper (mg/L)	0.005	0.016	0.008	0.014	0.015	0.005	0.015	0.009	0.011	0.024	0.009	0.028

Table 5: Underground Bores

Location	MB17	MB18	MB19	MB20	P101	P102	P139	P145	P149
рН	8.13	11.26	7.34	7.43	6.63	6.67	6.08	6.47	6.73
EC (uS/cm)	625.02	4,251.8	10,836.0	8,995.9	6,502.9	20,223.0	20,147.0	76.97	20,425.0
Copper (mg/L)	0.008	0.017	0.01	0.042	0.001	0.001	0.007	0.008	0.01

Table 6: Regional Bores

Location	Moss	Wright
рН	6.86	6.69
EC (u\$/cm)	1,681.2	834.15
Copper (mg/L)	0.003	0.014



## 4. NOISE

Operational noise is managed by CMOC in accordance with the approved Noise Management Plan (NMP). The NMP covers all operational activities with the potential to generate noise at Northparkes. It details specific noise management and mitigation measures, outlines monitoring and reporting requirements and provides clear definitions of the roles and responsibilities for noise management.

#### 4.1 Overview

CMOC undertakes a noise monitoring program that consists of both operator-attended and unattended surveys at the five nearest occupied residences 'Hubberstone', 'Milpose', 'Lone Pine', 'Hillview' and 'Adavale'. Refer to Appendix E for map of all attended noise monitoring locations.

Operator-attended noise measurements and recordings are undertaken outside the mining leases in order to quantify the intrusive noise emissions from construction and of general mine activity as well as the overall level of ambient noise. This noise monitoring was undertaken by an independent and suitably qualified noise professional.

## 4.2 Quarterly Monitoring Analysis

Attended noise monitoring was undertaken between 23 and 24 January 2021.

The assessment was completed to quantify site noise emissions against relevant noise criteria pertaining to Northparkes operations in accordance with Conditions 1 to 5 of Schedule 3 of the NSW Development Consent Conditions (DC11\_110060), Northparkes Noise Management Plan (NMP, 2019) and Traffic Management Plan (TMP, 2019).

Road noise monitoring identified that vehicle movements associated with shift change generated levels below the relevant road noise criteria specified in the RNP and NMP.

Attended monitoring has identified that operational emissions generated by NPM comply with relevant noise criteria at all monitoring locations for all assessment periods. Furthermore, project related noise emissions are generally barely audible at monitoring locations. Extraneous non-mining sources such as traffic, insects, wind in trees, birds, aircraft, residential and agricultural noise were audible during the monitoring period. A summary of the monitoring results at each monitoring location are presented in Tables 7-12 below.



 Table 7: Attended noise monitoring results for Hubberstone

ate/Time (hrs)	Noise De	escriptor (dBA	re 20 µPa)		B 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
uration 15min	LAmax	Amax LAeq		- Meteorology	Description and SPL, dBA
			С	)ay	
24/02/2021 17:01	55	36	26	– WD: NE	Birds 20-56 Wind 22-46
24/02/2021 17:16	56	34	24	WS: 1.0m/s Stab Class: D	Residential Noise 25-63 Traffic 25-45
24/02/2021 17:31	63	38	25	_	Insects 20-48 NPM Not Audible
	Site LA	eq(15min) Cont	ribution		<25
			Eve	ening	
24/02/2021 20:12	63	43	38		Insects 34-50 Dogs <40
24/02/2021 20:27	64	46	40	WD: NE WS: 2.0m/s Stab Class: F	Birds 30-50 Wind 31-68
24/02/2021 20:42	68	50	39	_	Traffic 30-44 NPM Not Audible
	Site LA	eq(15min) Cont	ribution		<30
			N	ight	
24/02/2021 01:03	48	30	26	– WD: NE	Insects 25-48
24/02/2021 01:18	46	30	26	- WS: 1.0m/s - Stab Class: E	Livestock 21-30 Wind 21-33
24/02/2021 01:33	48	30	25	- Stab Oldss, E	NPM Not Audible
	Site LA	eq(15min) Cont	ribution	•	<25
	Site L	A1(1min) Contri	bution		<40



Table 8: Attended noise monitoring results for Lone Pine

able 4 Operato	r-Attended	Noise Surve	y Results – Lo	ocation NM2, Lone	Pine
Date/Time (hrs)	Noise D	escriptor (dB/	A re 20 μPa)	Matazzalani	Description and CDL dDA
Duration 15min	LAmax	LAeq	LA90	<ul> <li>Meteorology</li> </ul>	Description and SPL, dBA
•			Day	•	
24/02/2021 16:06	64	47	33		Wind 27-57
24/02/2021 16:21	64	44	31	— WD: N WS: 1.5m/s	Insects 24-45 Birds 25-48
24/02/2021 16:36	61	42	31	<ul> <li>Stab Class: B</li> </ul>	Traffic 30-64 NPM Not Audible
	Site L	Aeq(15min) Cor	ntribution		<25
			Evenin	g	
24/02/2021 19:13	68	51	48		Insects 47-56
24/02/2021 19:28	66	51	48	— WD: N WS: 1.5m/s	Wind <45 Birds 45-68
24/02/2021 19:43	58	52	49	<ul> <li>Stab Class: E</li> </ul>	Agricultural Noise <40 NPM Not Audible
	Site L	Aeq(15min) Cor	ntribution		<35
			Night		
24/02/2021 00:06	59	50	47	WEATE	
24/02/2021 00:21	62	48	44	WD:NE WS: 2.0m/s	Insects 36-47 Wind 33-62
24/02/2021 00:36	49	44	39	<ul> <li>Stab Class: E</li> </ul>	NPM Not Audible
	Site L	Aeq(15min) Cor	ntribution		<35
	Site	LA1(1min) Cont	ribution	•	<40



**Table 9:** Attended noise monitoring results for Milpose

ate/Time (hrs)	Noise [	Descriptor (dB/	A re 20 μPa)		
uration 15min	LAmax	LAeq	LA90	Meteorology	Description and SPL, dBA
			Day		
24/02/2021			25		Birds 20-57
14:06	57	37	25		Wind 20-45
24/02/2021				WD: N	Insects 21-35
14:21	54	35	23	WS: 1.0m/s	Traffic 20-30
		•		Stab Class: A	Aircraft 25-44
24/02/2021	53	34	23		NPM Exhaust Fan <20
14:36					(7-8 minute total duration)
	Site L	_Aeq(15min) Cor	ntribution		<25
			Evening		
23/02/2021			20		1 of 05 44
21:10	62	41	29	WD. F	Insects 25-41
23/02/2021				WD: E	Birds 30-62
21:25	67	45	29	WS: <0.5m/s	Farm Noise 30-67
23/02/2021				· Stab Class: E	Aircraft 30-35
21:40	59	36	28		NPM Not Audible
	Site L	_Aeq(15min) Cor	ntribution		<25
			Night		
23/02/2021	55	35	29		
22:06	55	35	28	· WD: E	Insects 23-41
23/02/2021	56	24	20		Birds 25-56
22:21	56	34	28	WS: <0.1m/s  Stab Class: E	Dogs 20-30
23/02/2021		05	20	Stab Class. E	NPM Not Audible
22:36	55	35	28		
	Site L	_Aeq(15min) Cor	ntribution		<25
	Site	<40			



**Table 10:** Attended noise monitoring results for Hillview

able 6 Operato	r-Attended	Noise Surve	y Results – Lo	cation NM4, Hillvi	ew
Date/Time (hrs)	Noise [	Descriptor (dB/	A re 20 μPa)	- Meteorology	Description and SPL, dBA
Duration 15min	LAmax	LAeq	LA90		
			Day		•
24/02/2021	55	33	28	- WD: NE WS: 1.0m/s - Stab Class: A	Birds 20-66
12:50					Insects 23-30
24/02/2021	71	46	25		Traffic 25-55
13:05					Residential Noise 30-71
24/02/2021	66	42	0.5		Wind 20-48
13:20			25		NPM Not Audible
	Site L	Aeq(15min) Cor	ntribution		<25
			Evening		
24/02/2021	69	41			Traffic 29-53
18:00			28		Birds 22-47
24/02/2021	72	49	31	WD: N	Wind 25-69
18:15				WS: 1.5m/s	Residential Noise 30-72
24/02/2024		40	34	Stab Class: D	NPM Concentrate Truck 30-5
24/02/2021	60				(Offisite)
18:30					NPM Not Audible
	Site L	Aeq(15min) Cor		<25	
			Night		
24/02/2021	48	29	27	•	•
01:58	40	29	21	WD: NE	Insects 25-36
24/02/2021	47	33	28	WS: 1.5m/s	Wind 23-48
02:13	47			Stab Class: F	NPM Not Audible
24/02/2021	45	32	27	Jian Olass, r	M. M. Mot Vadible
02:28	40				
	Site L		<25		
	Site	LA1(1min) Cont		<40	



**Table 11:** Attended noise monitoring results for Adavale

Date/Time (hrs)	Noise D				
Duration 15min	LAmax	LAea	LA90	<ul> <li>Meteorology</li> </ul>	Description and SPL, dBA
Daracon Toman	Danax	- D red	Day	•	
24/02/2021			Day		
	55	36	24		Wind 22-55
15:09				- WD: NE	Insects 20-30
24/02/2021 15:24	52	35	24	WS: 1.5m/s	Birds 20-37
				— Stab Class: C	NPM Ventilation Fan <20-25
24/02/2021	54	32	23		(constant duration)
15:39	o:				
	Site LA	24			
			Evenir	ng	
23/02/2021	46	33	22		
20:15				— WD: SE	Insects 20-51
23/02/2021	47	37	25	WS: <0.5m/s	Birds 20-35
20:30	7,			Stab Class: E	Dogs Barking 20-25
23/02/2021	51	40	26	0.000.2	NPM Not Audible
20:45	31	40	20		
	Site LA	<25			
			Nigh	t	
23/02/2021	43	32	25		Insects 23-43
23:05	43				Dogs Barking 23-28
23/02/2021	40	35	28	WD: SE	Animals 30-53
23:20	43			WS: 0.5m/s	NPM Site Alarms <25
22/02/2024	3/02/2021 53 23:35	36	29	Stab Class: E	(infrequent 3-5 second durations
					NPM Ventilation Fan 20-33
23:35					(constant duration)
	Site LA	27			
	Site L	<40			



Table 12: Attended road noise survey results

Table 8 Operator-Attended Road Noise Survey Results - Location NM4, Hillview						
Date/Time (hrs) Duration 1 hour	Measured Noise Level dB LAeq(1hr)	Meteorology	Criteria dB LAeq(1hr)	Description and SPL dBA		
24/02/2021 12:50	42	WD: NE WS: 1.0m/s Stab Class: A	55	Birds 20-66 Insects 23-30 Traffic 25-55 Residential Noise 30-71 Wind 20-48 Approx. 14 Vehicles Enter/Exit Site		
24/02/2021 18:00	45	WD: N WS: 1.5m/s Stab Class: D	55	Traffic 29-53 Birds 22-47 Wind 25-69 Residential Noise 30-72 NPM Concentrate Truck 30-55 (Offsite) Approx. 72 Vehicles Enter/Exit Sit		

Note: NPM denotes Northparkes Mines.



## Appendix A - PM10/TSP Monitoring Locations





Dust, TSP





**Monitoring Locations** March 2019

Spatial Reference Name: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 55

User: darren.priest

Date Saved: 6/03/2019 11:57 AM



# Appendix B – Depositional Dust Monitoring Locations







**Monitoring Locations** March 2019

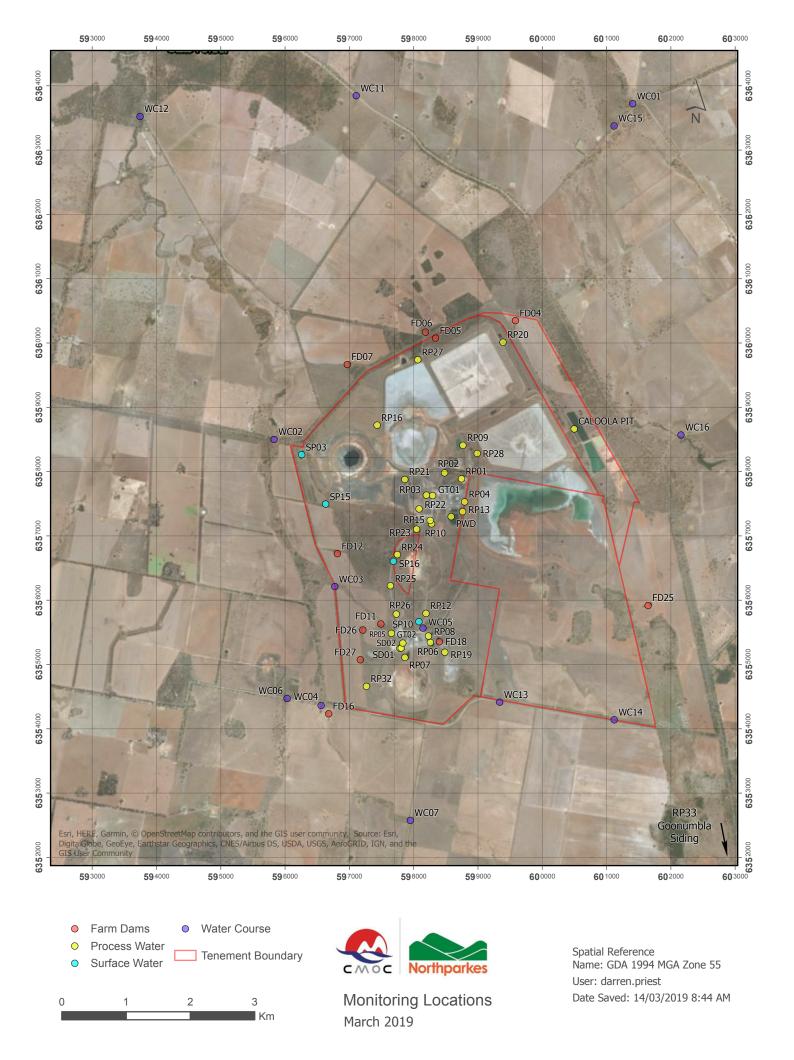
Spatial Reference Name: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 55

User: darren.priest

Date Saved: 6/03/2019 11:56 AM

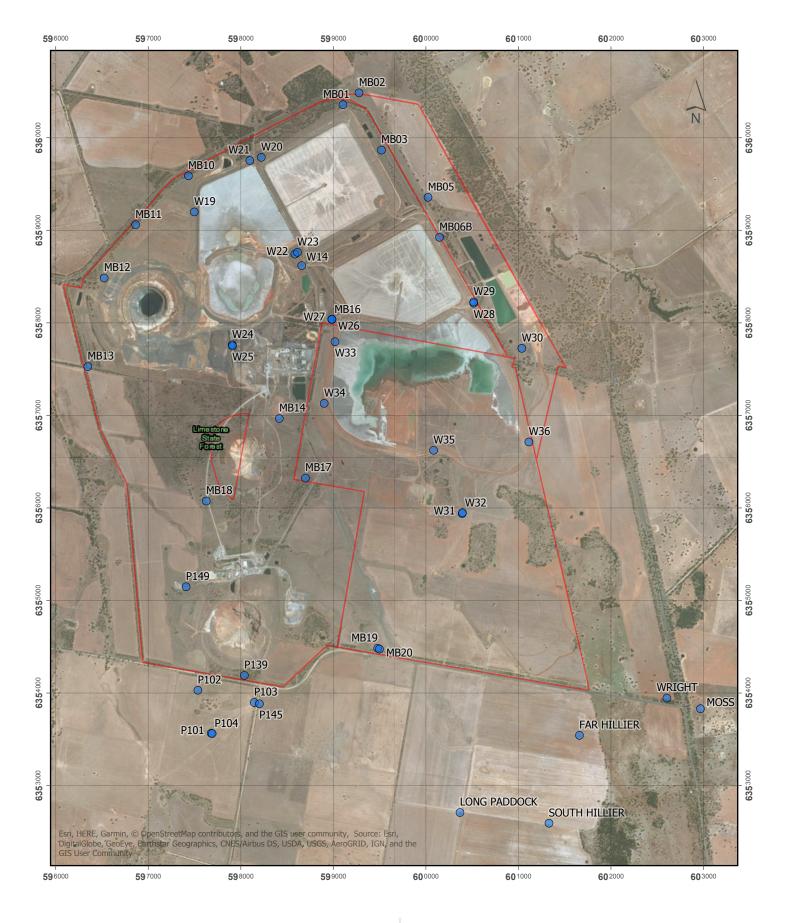


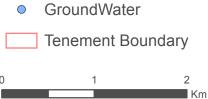
# Appendix C – Surface Water Monitoring Locations





# Appendix D - Groundwater Monitoring Locations







**Monitoring Locations** March 2019

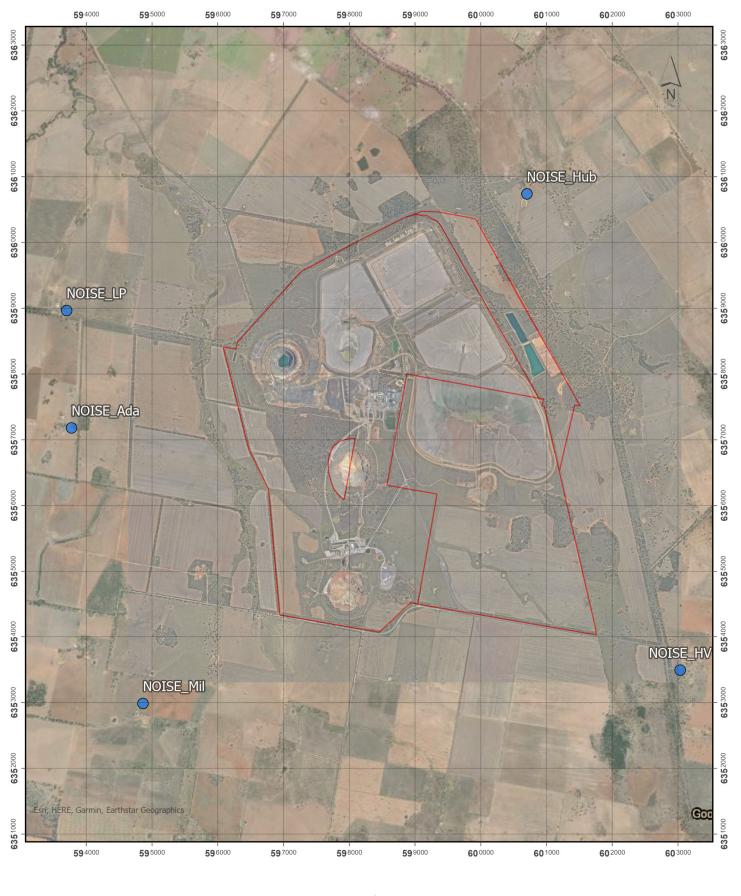
Spatial Reference Name: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 55

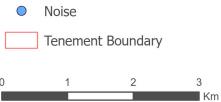
User: darren.priest

Date Saved: 6/03/2019 12:01 PM



## Appendix E – Attended Noise Monitoring Locations







**Monitoring Locations** March 2021

Spatial Reference Name: GDA 1994 MGA Zone 55

User: darren.priest

Date Saved: 30/03/2021 1:30 PM